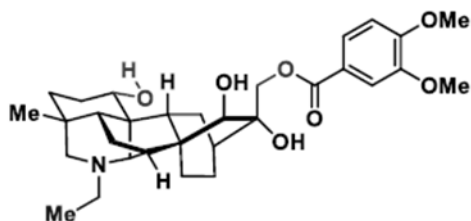
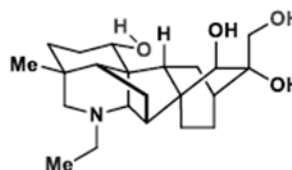


Syntheses of Denudatine Diterpenoid Alkaloids: Cochlearenine, N-Ethyl-1 α -hydroxy-17-veratroyldictyzine, and Paniculamine

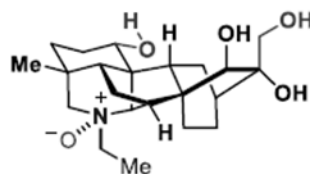
K. G. M. Kou, B. X. Li, J. C. Lee, G. M. Gallego, T.P. Lebold, A. G. DiPasquale, and R. Sarpong, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 10830–10833



N-ethyl-1 α -hydroxy-17-veratroyldictyzine



cochlearenine



paniculamine

Introduction



> First isolated from *Aconitum*, *Consolidum*, and *Delphinium* plants

> Interesting biological activity:

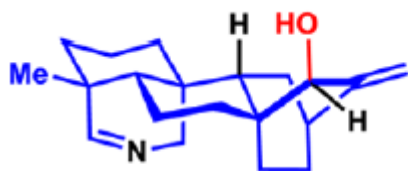
- Used in traditional medicine (e.g., in China) for the treatment of pain and cardiovascular diseases
- Modulate Na⁺ and/or K⁺ ion channels
- May be subtype-specific: may allow specific targeting of particular ion channel isoforms implicated in channelopathies = minimized side effects
- Cochlearenine: bradycardic effect at doses between 0.1 and 1 mg/mL



> 1200 known diterpenoid divided in 3 family C₂₀, C₁₉, C₁₈
→ Belong to the C₂₀ family: 20 contiguous carbon atoms

Introduction

Synthesis of C₂₀ diterpenoid alkaloids



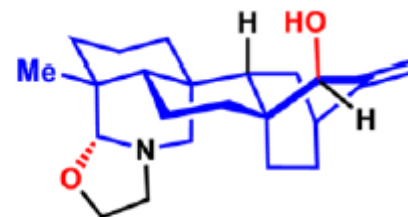
atisine

Pelletier, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1963**



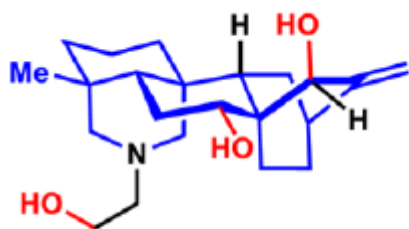
nominine

Masamune, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1964**



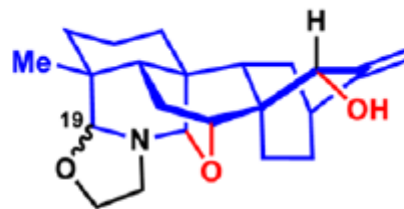
isoatisine

Baran, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**

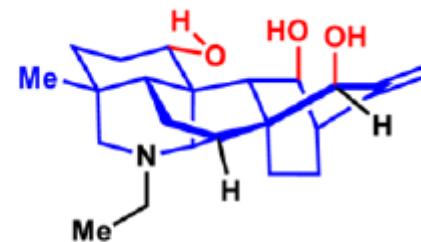


dihydroajaconine

Xu, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2016**



spiramine C 19S
spiramine D 19R



lepenine

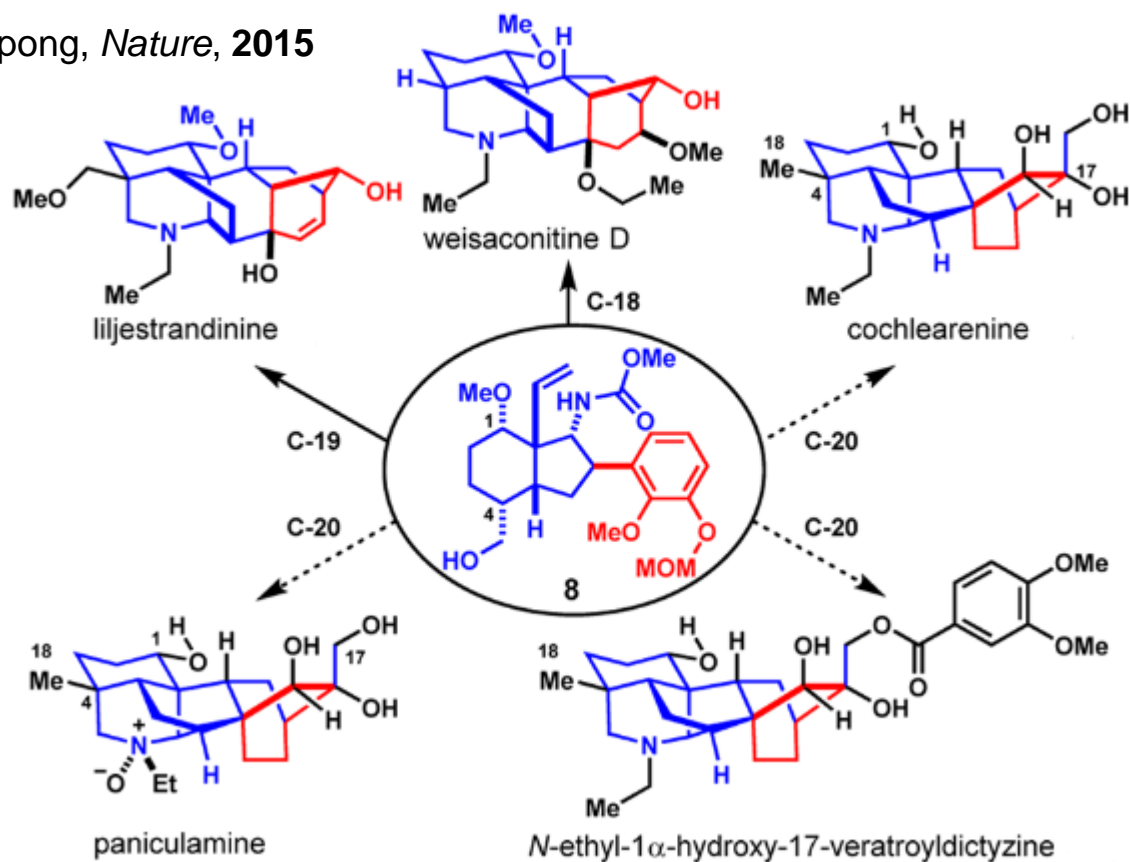
Fukuyama, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**

Introduction

Synthesis of C₂₀ C₁₉ C₁₈ metabolites

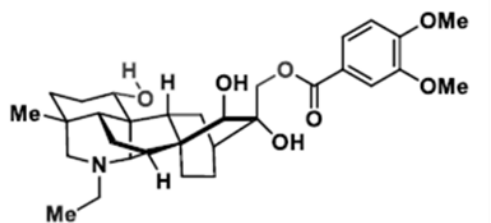
- > Unified strategy: accessing C₂₀, C₁₉, C₁₈ metabolites using one versatile intermediate

Sarpong, *Nature*, 2015



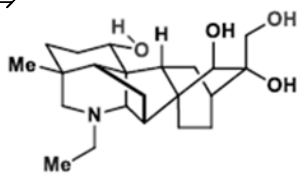
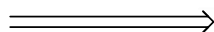
Introduction

Retrosynthetic Analysis



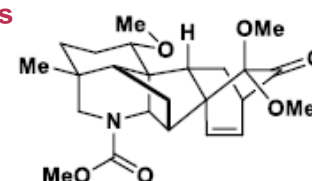
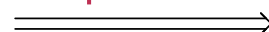
N-ethyl-1 α -hydroxy-17-veratroyldictyzine

Esterification

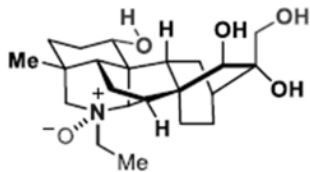


cochlearenine

"Functionnal groups manipulation"

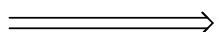


MeO
MeO
MeO

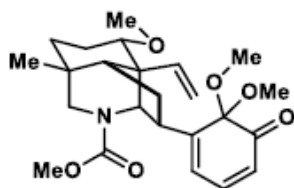
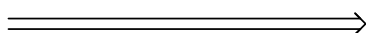


paniculamine

Oxidation



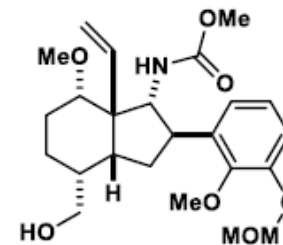
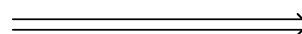
Intramolecular Diels-Alder



Methylation

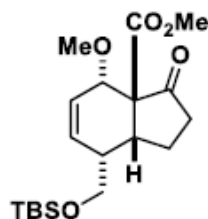
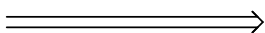
Piperidine formation

Oxidative dearomatization

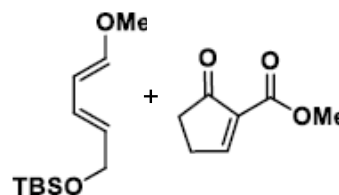
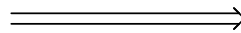


Common intermediate

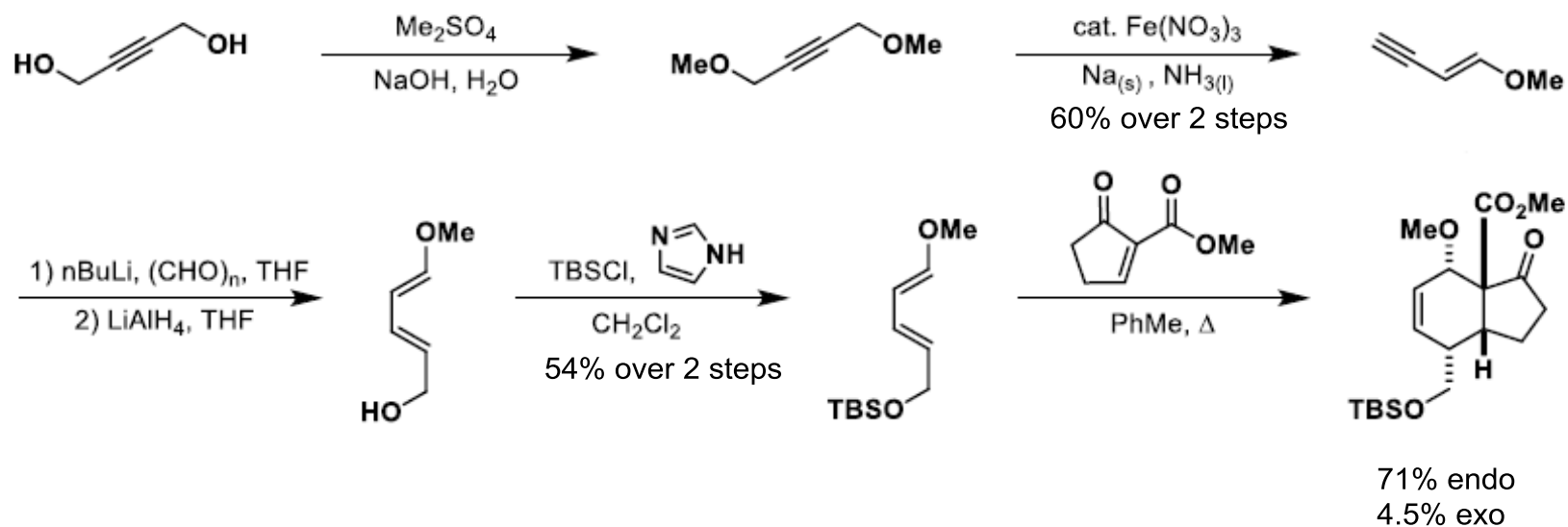
Hydrogenation
Olefination
Conjugate addition



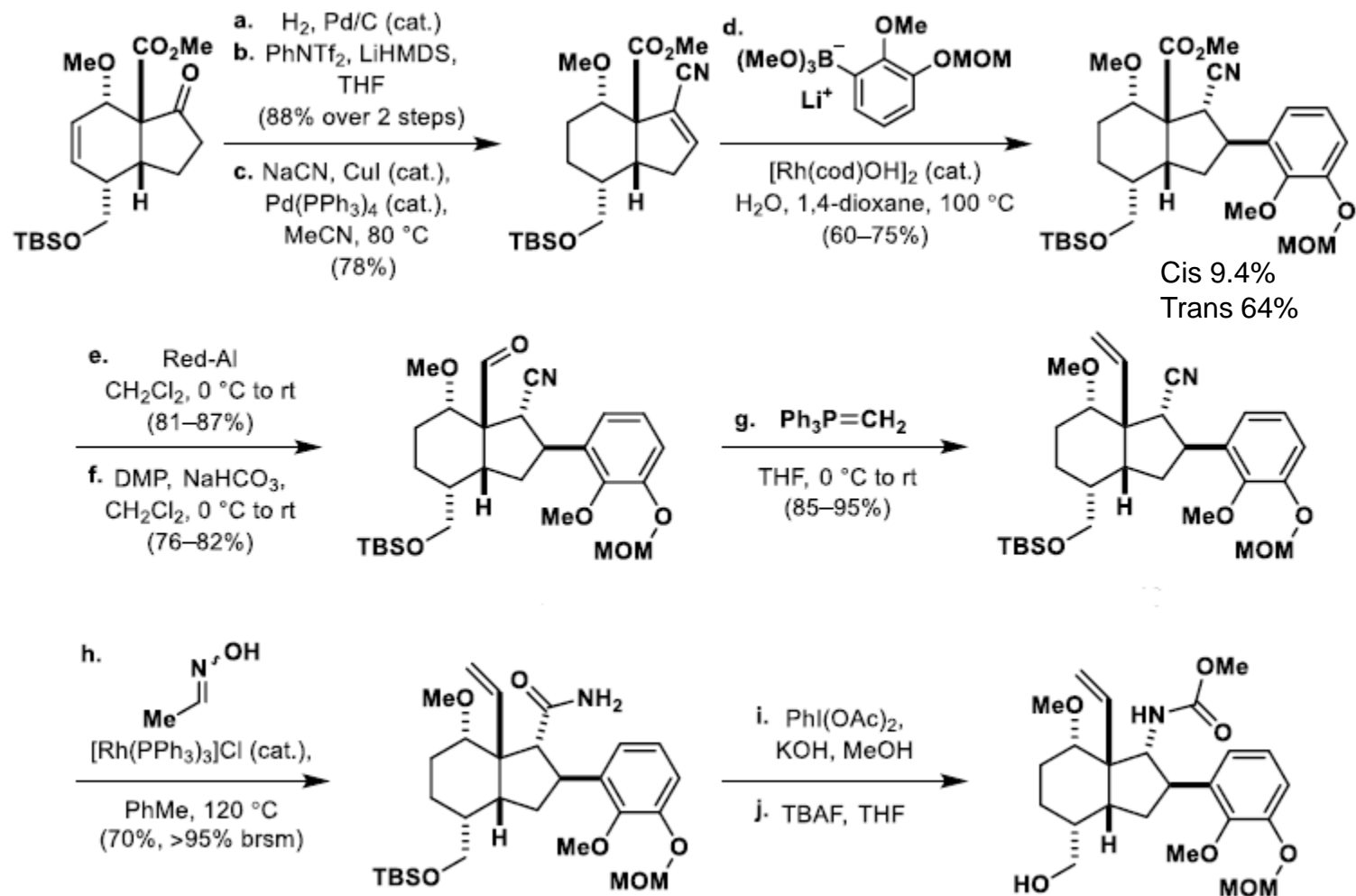
Diels Alder



Synthesis of Common Intermediate

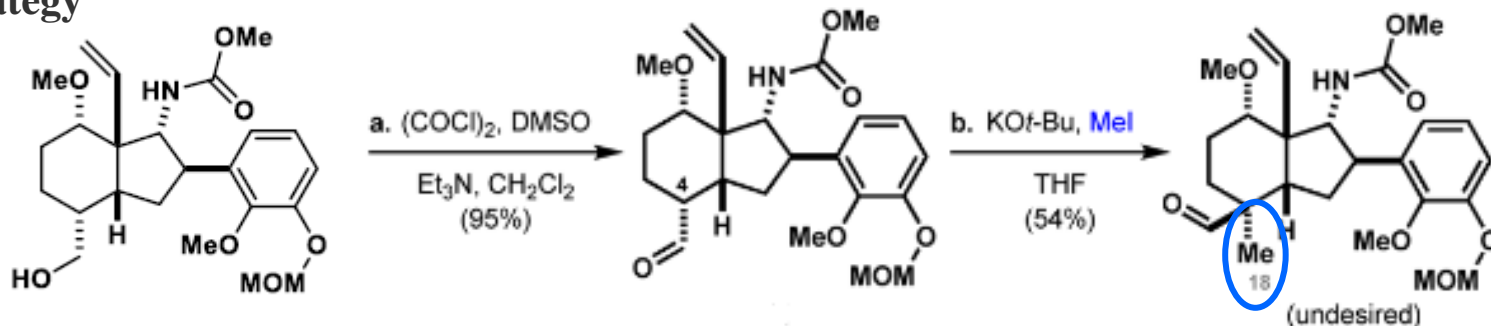


Synthesis of Common Intermediate

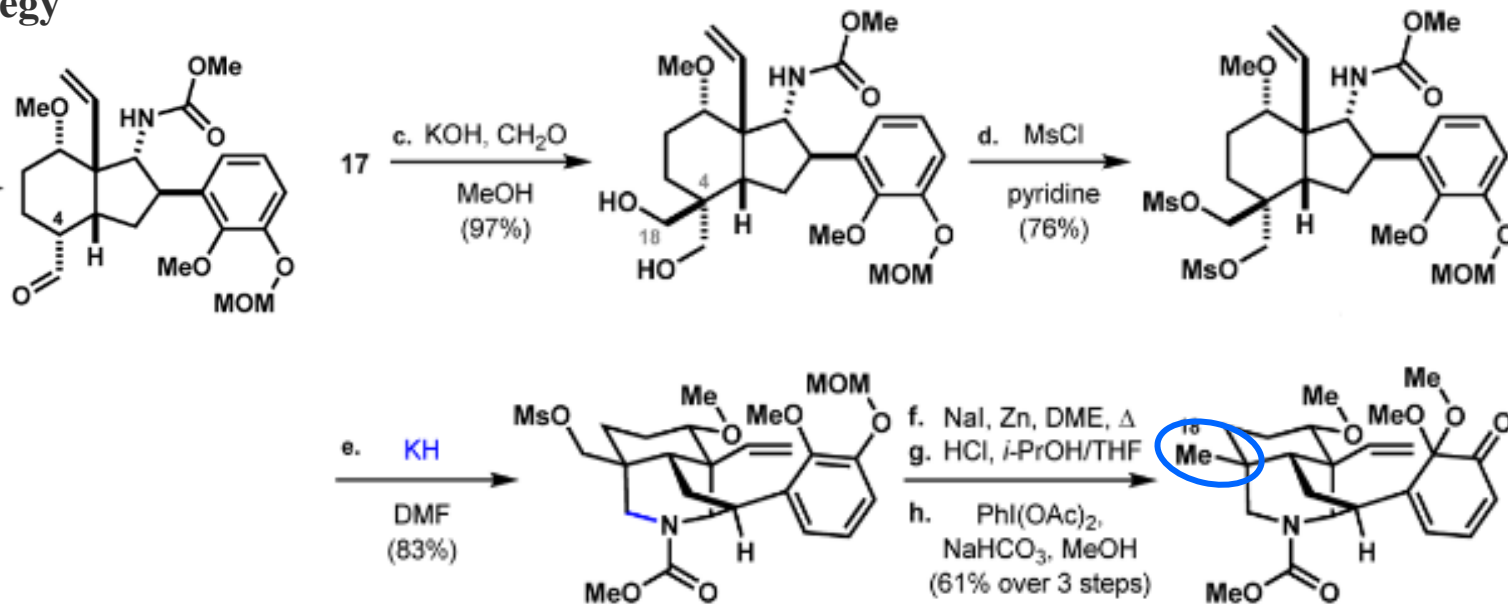


Synthesis of Piperidine Derivative

> 1st strategy



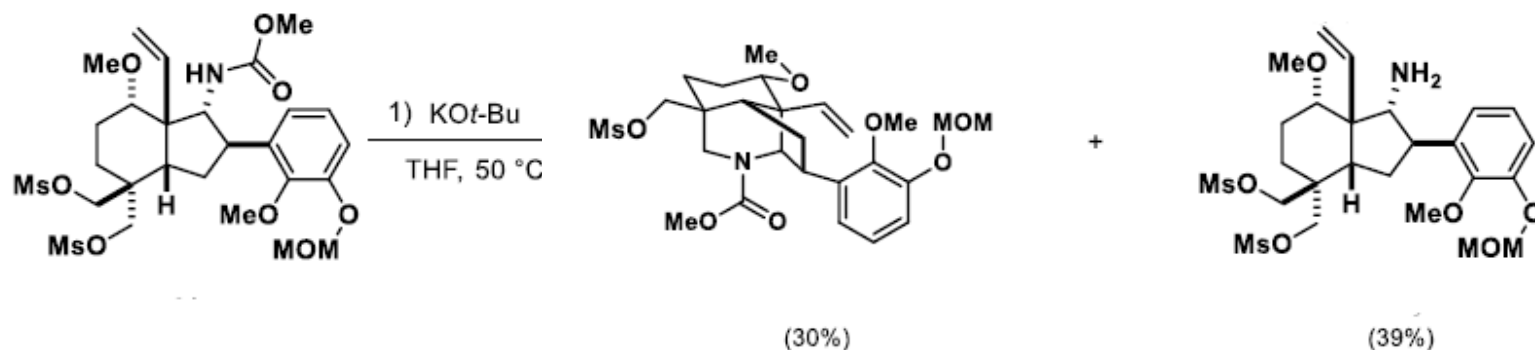
> 2nd strategy



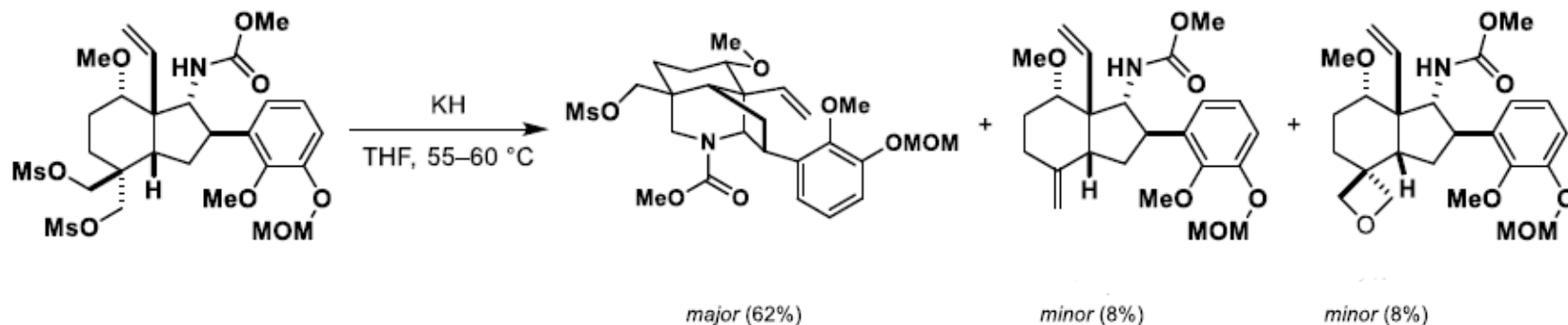
Synthesis of Piperidine Derivative

Optimization of Piperidine Ring Formation

- > KOtBu as base instead of KH

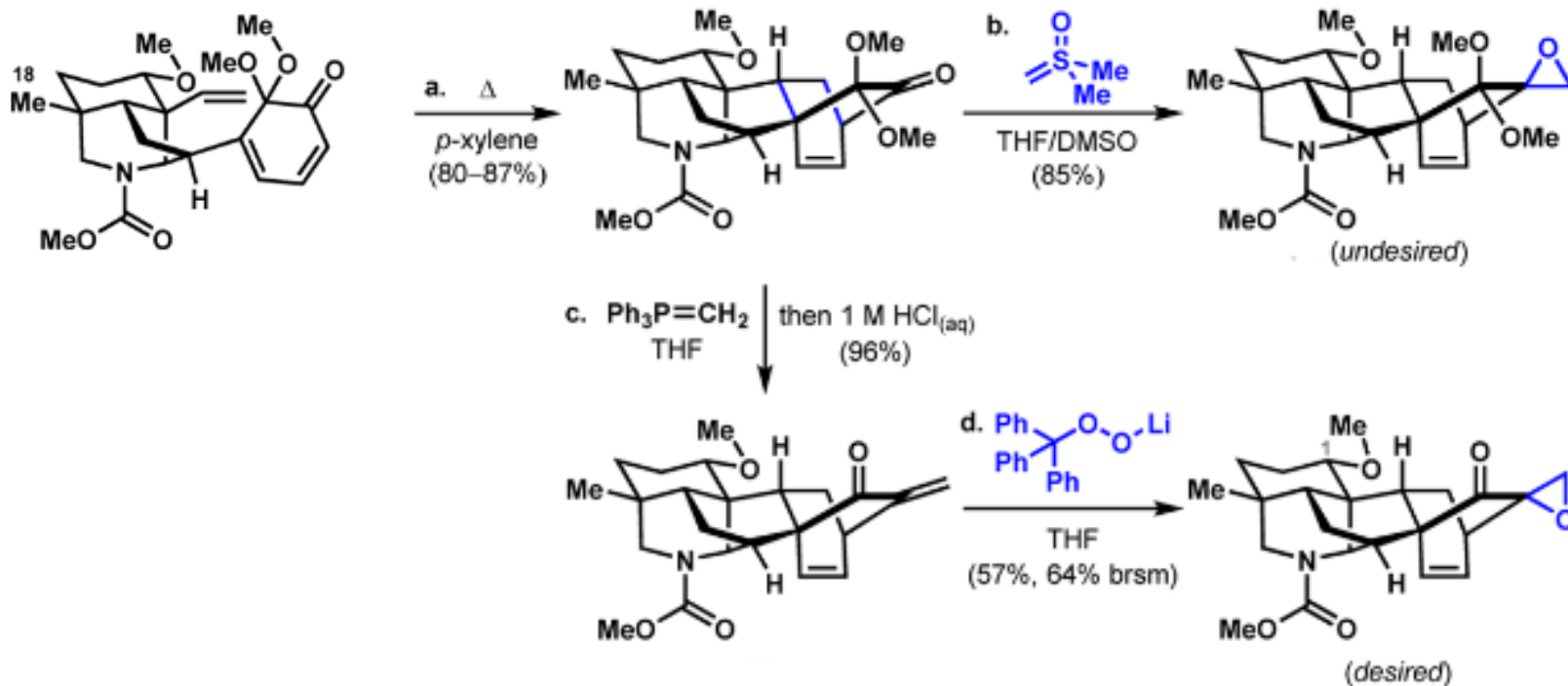


- > THF as solvent instead of DMF

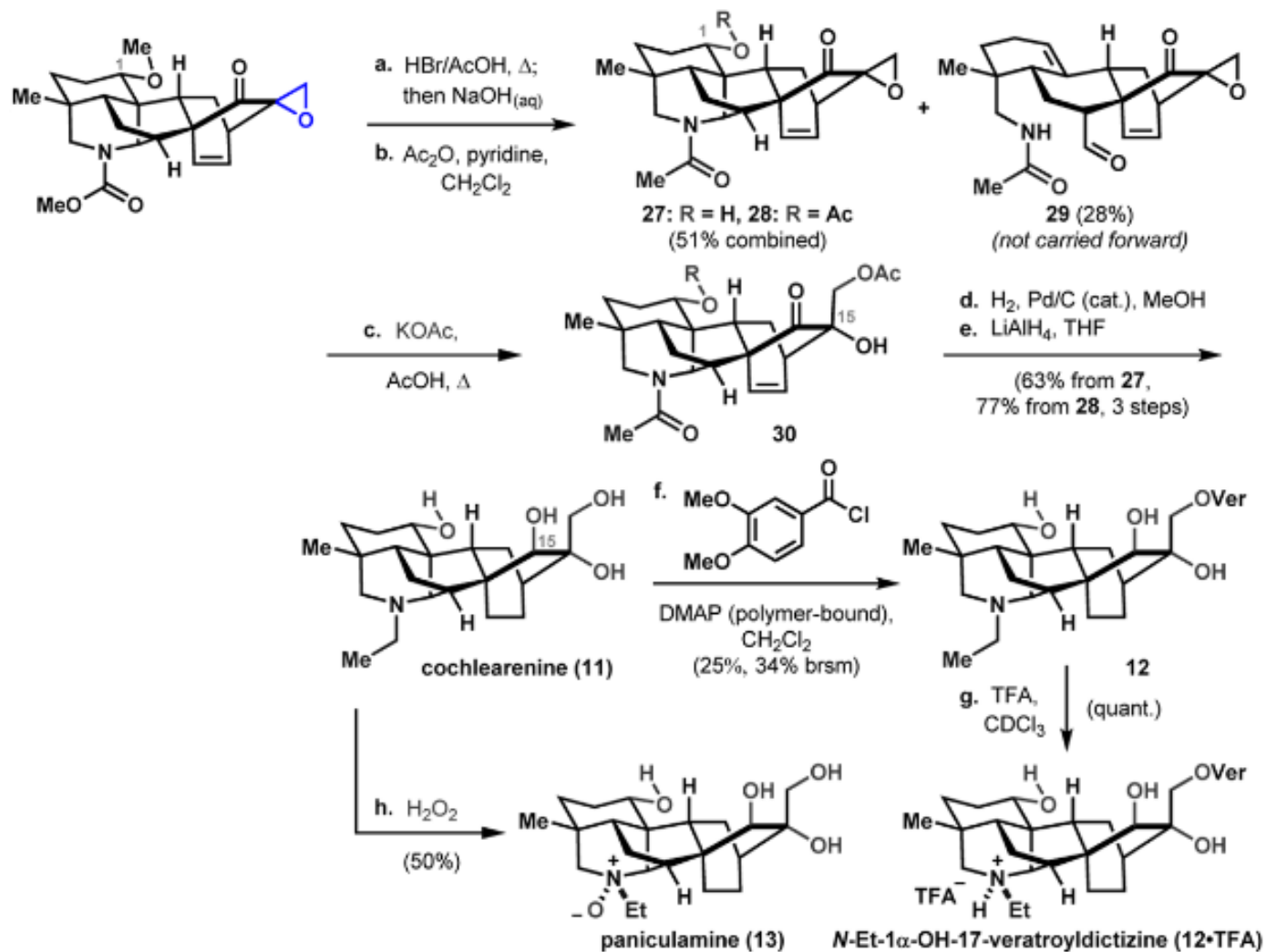


Synthesis of Epoxide

Additional Carbon Atom

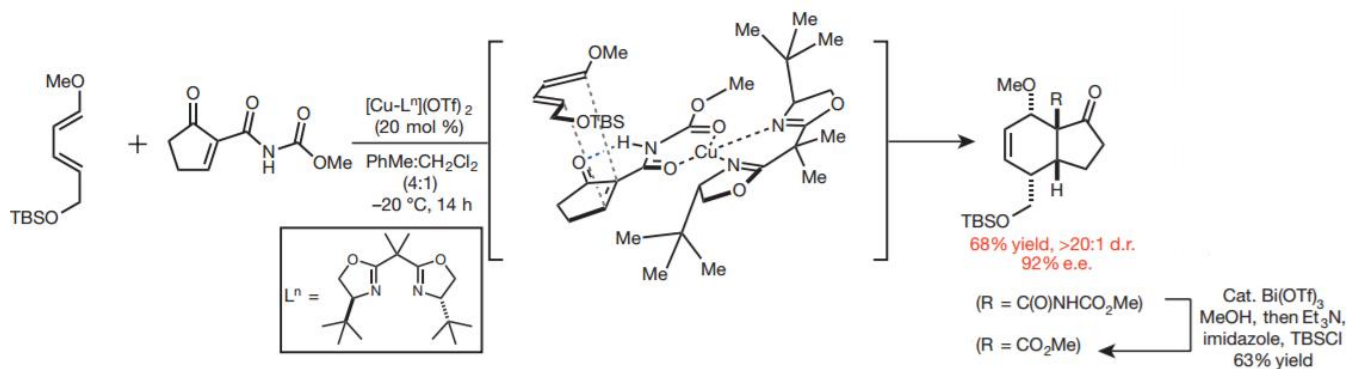


End Game



Conclusion

- > First total synthesis of in racemic form of cochlearenine, Nethyl-1 α -hydroxy-17-veratrodydictyzine, and paniculamine
- > 25, 26 and 26 steps respectively
- > Keys steps
 - stereoselective installation of the C18
 - methyl group via dimesylate,
 - optimal conditions for the piperidine ring formation
 - demethylation of the 1-methoxy group under acidic conditions
- > Common intermediate can be prepared in 30 g scale and enantioselectively



Thank you for your attention!

