

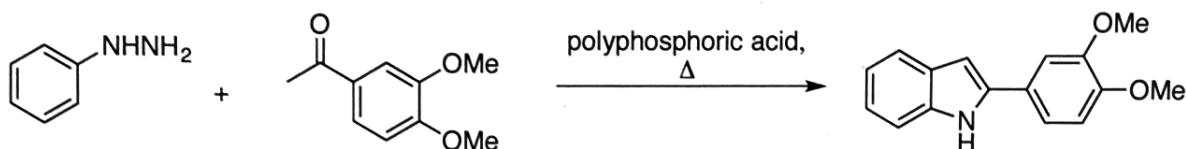
Sol - S

Adapted from

Nicolaou, K. C.; Sorensen, E. J. *Classics in Total Synthesis: Targets, Strategies, Methods*, 1st ed.; Wiley-VCH: Weinheim, 1996.

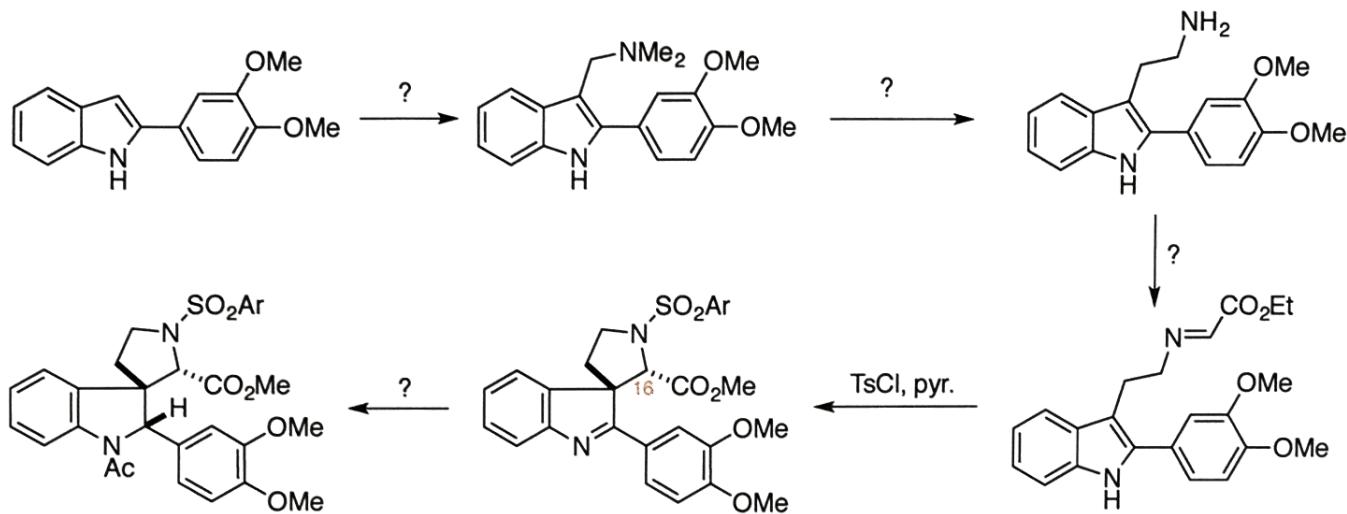
Original references: a) Woodward, R. B.; Cava, M. P.; Ollis, W. D.; Hunger, A.; Daeniker, H. U.; Schenker, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1954**, *76*, 4749; b) Woodward, R. B.; Cava, M. P.; Ollis, W. D.; Hunger, A.; Daeniker, H. U.; Schenker, K. *Tetrahedron* **1963**, *19*, 247.

1. Propose a mechanism for the following transformation of phenylhydrazine with acetoveratone.

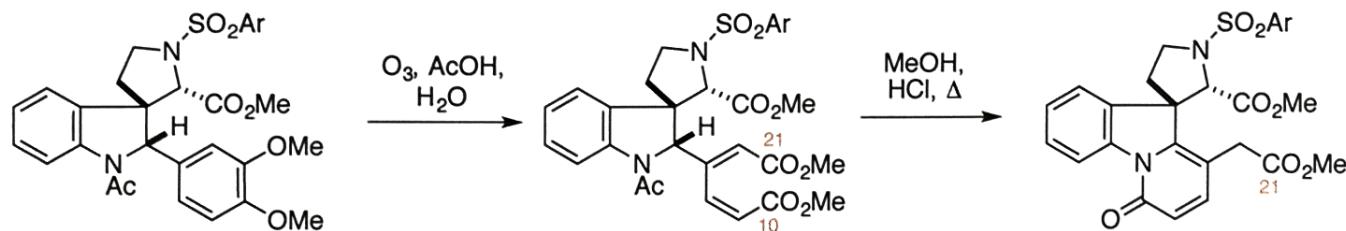


What is the name for this reaction? Sketch an energy profile diagram for all steps, clearly indicating relative energies of all intermediates. Give a simple rationale for your choices.

2. Provide reagents where there are question marks. Provide a mechanism for the reaction of the Schiff base to the spiroannulated indolenine, explaining the stereochemical outcome of only one diastereoisomer (see position C-16).



3. Suggest a mechanism for the lactamization reaction below, which includes a full chemoselective justification of the position of C-21 in the product.



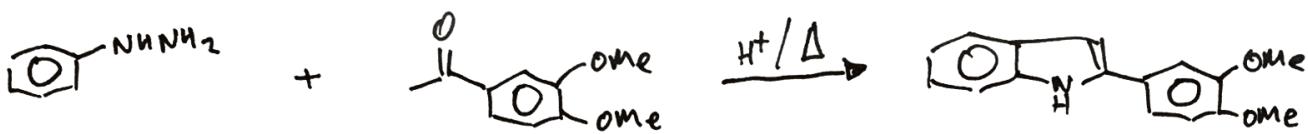
4. Woodward's clever use of acetoveratone installs a functional group with a dual role. Later in the synthesis it is unmasked by ozonolysis to reveal a diene (see scheme above). By considering your solution to question 2, explain the other role that this aromatic group plays. Make use of resonance hybrids/ mesomeric forms to illustrate your points.

The indoline is protected for only one step in the synthesis: explain. Would a Bn protecting group work?

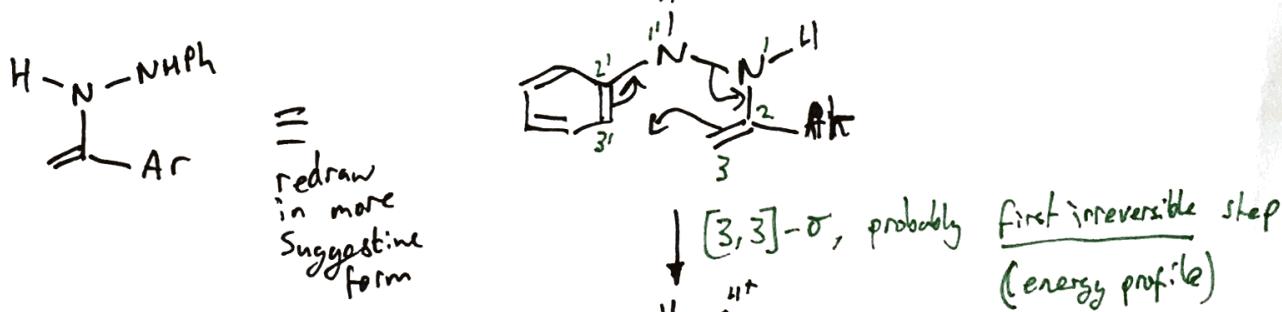
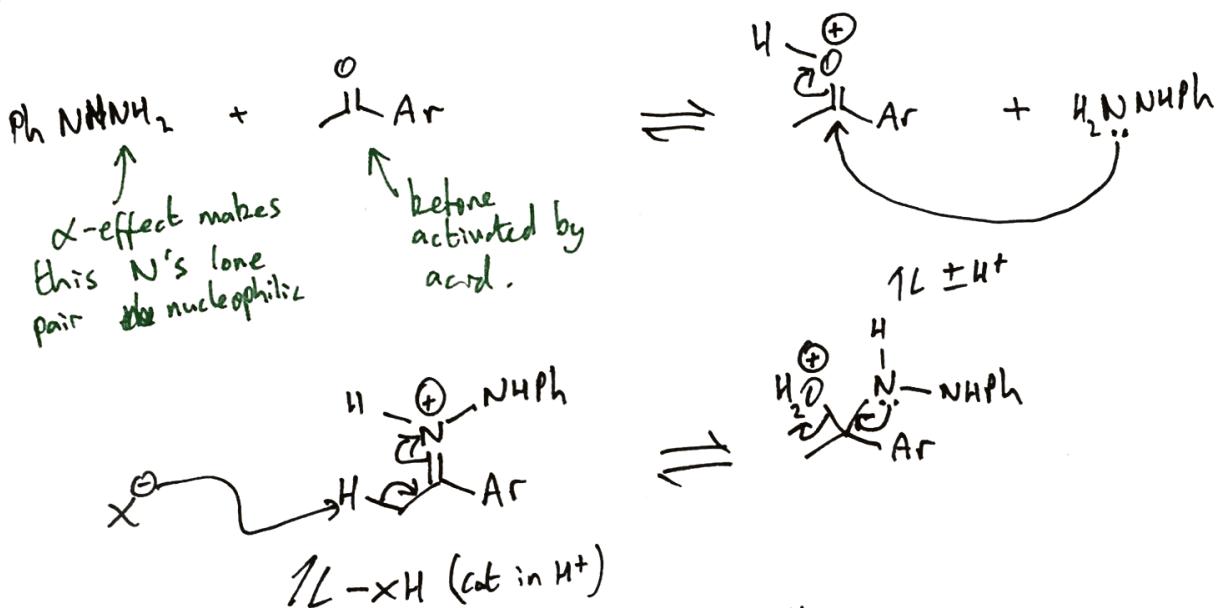
5. Time permitting: provide the ozonolysis mechanism, here without  $\text{NaBH}_4$ , or DMS or  $\text{PPh}_3$ .

# ① The Fisher Indole Synthesis

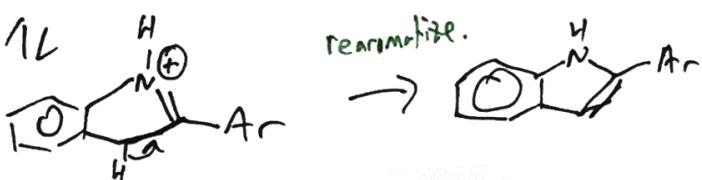
rxn of phenyl/aromatic hydrazine with a ketone or aldehyde, going through a [3,3]-σ tropic rearrangement, to give an indole.

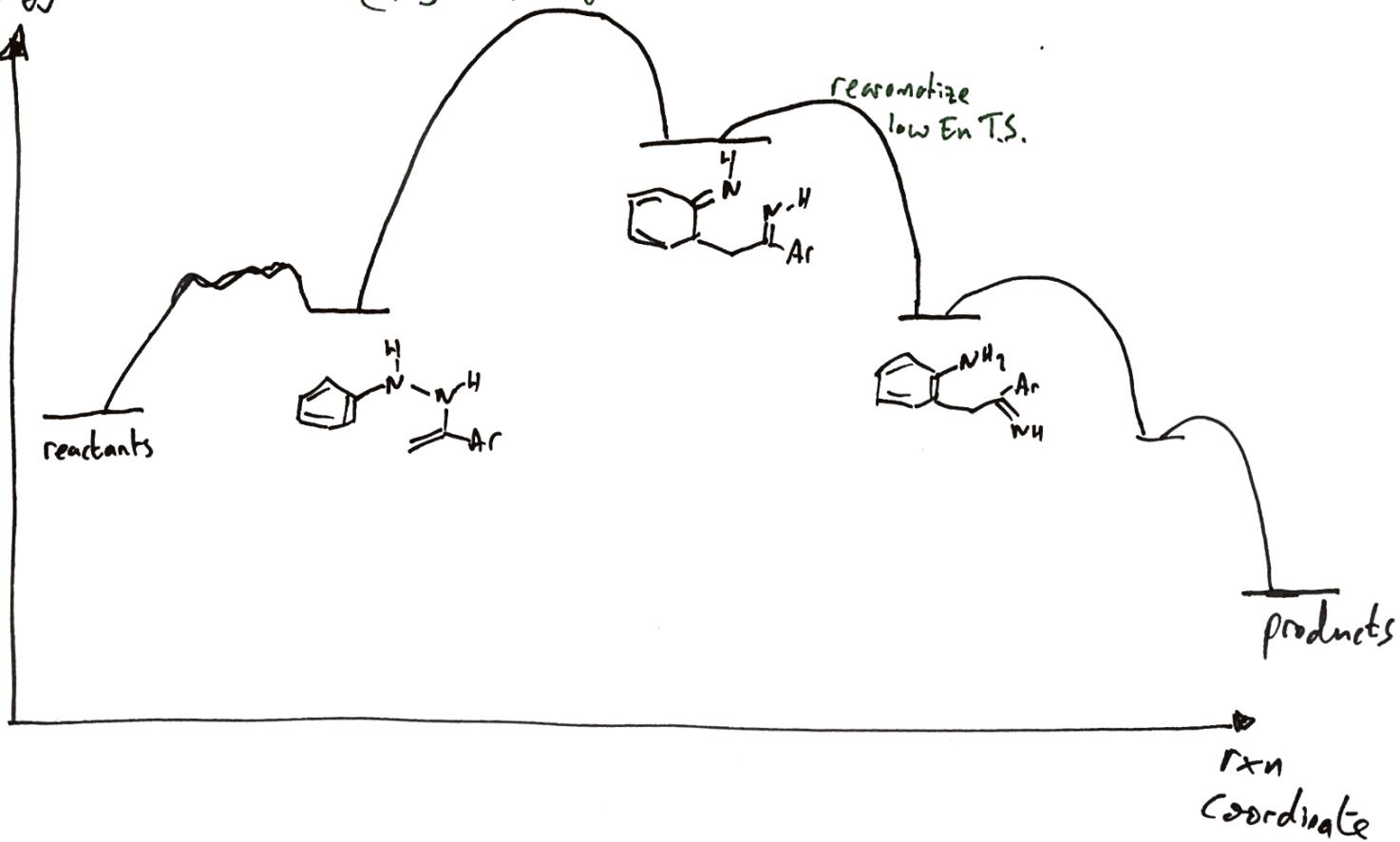


i) First step is  $\text{H}^+$  cat. dehydration to make iminium/enamine eq<sup>m</sup>

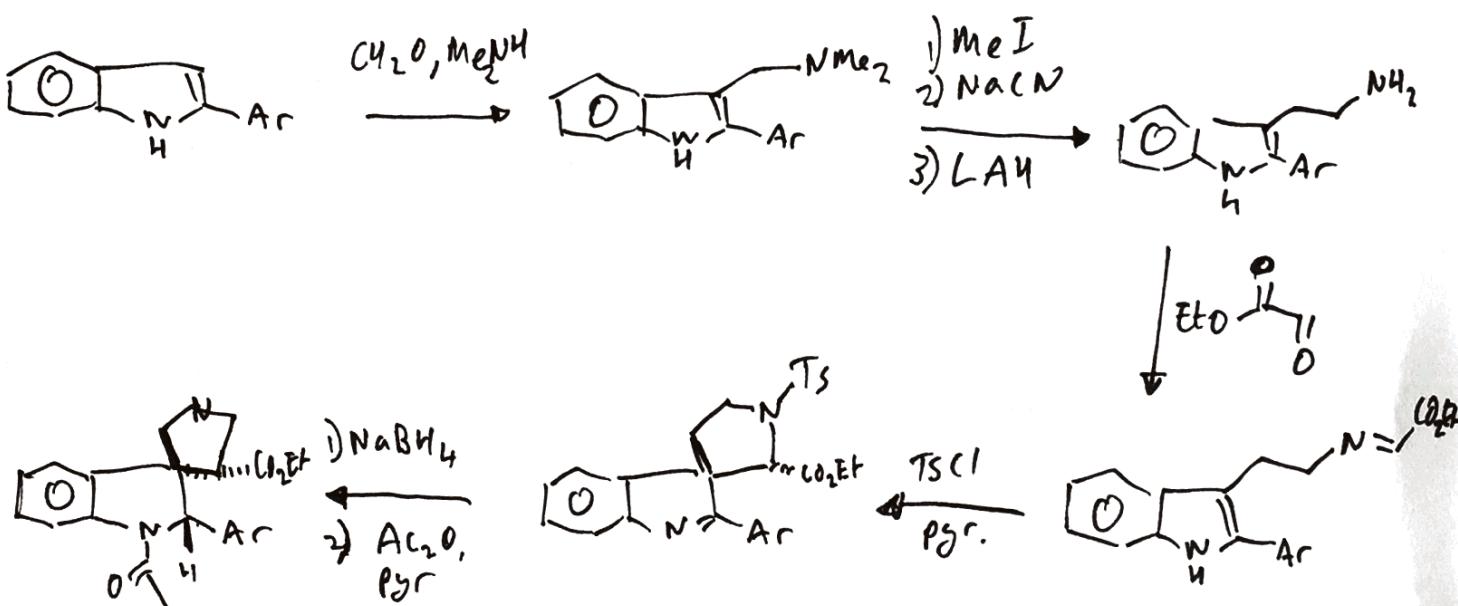


using N lone pair.

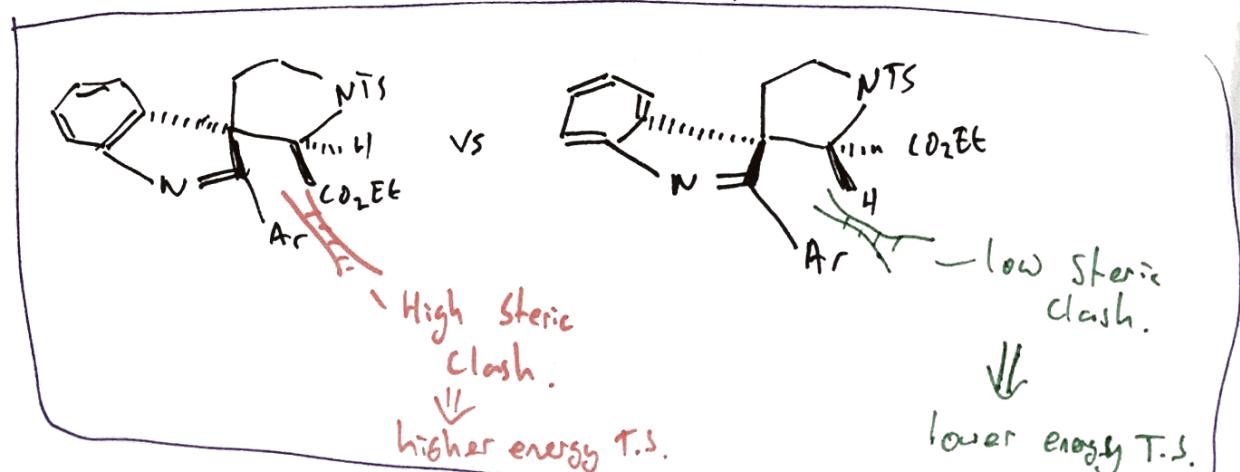


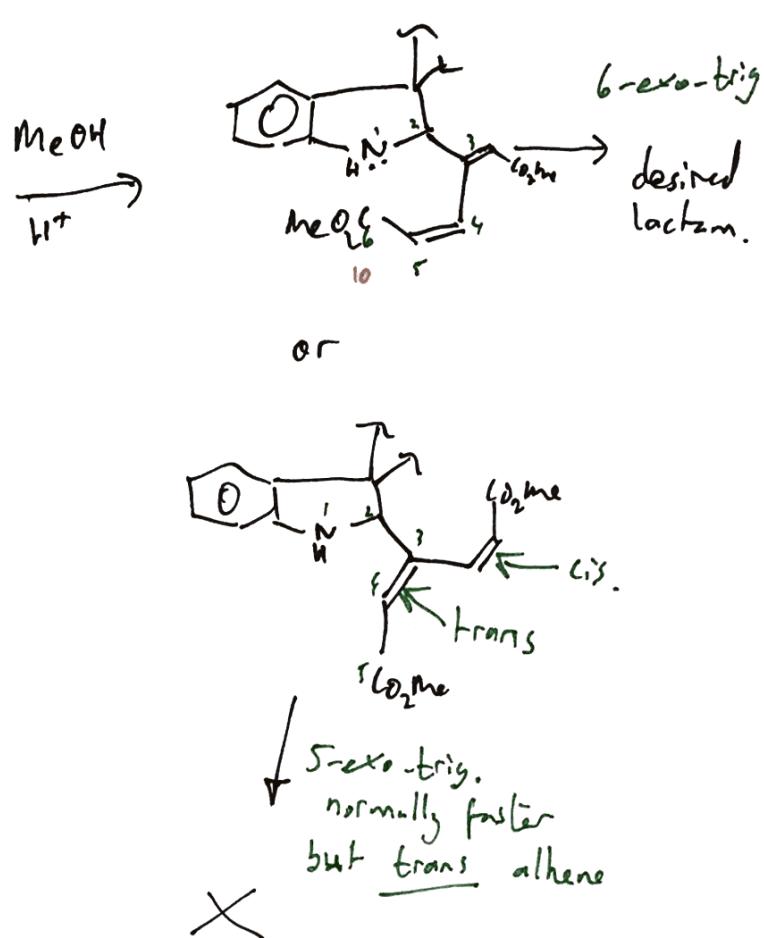
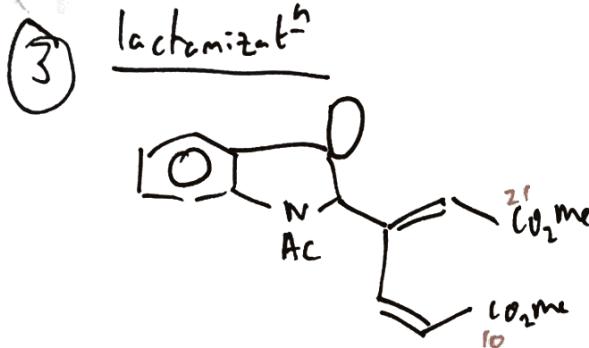


②

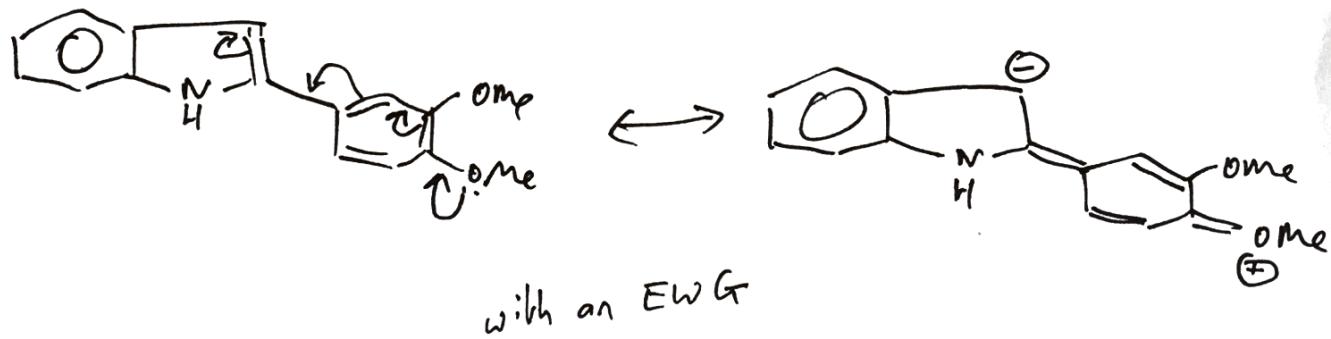


diastereoisomers.



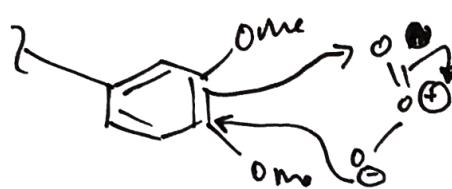
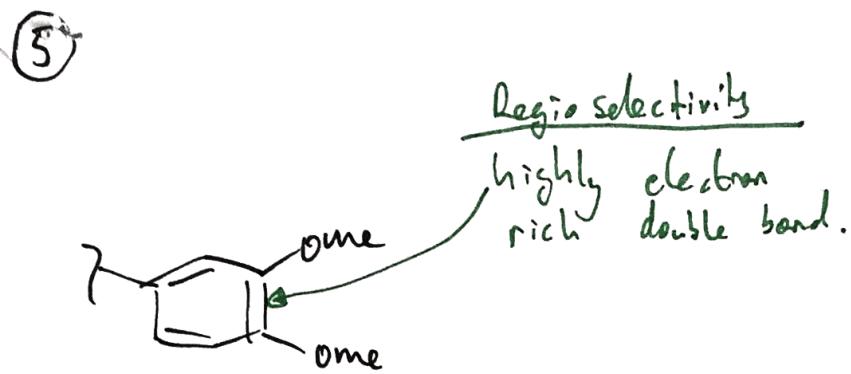


④ Protects reactive 2-position of indole  
and increased reactivity of 3-position of indole.

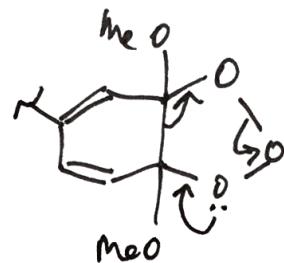


Needed to ~~be~~ protected / to stop amine reacting with reactive intermediates / oxidants / electrophiles in ozonolysis rxn.

Also, improves / eliminates any chemoselectivity issues by reducing e density in indole ring.

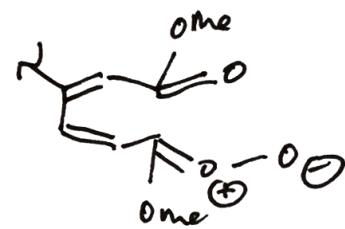


1,3-dipolar  
cycladd<sup>n</sup>



↓ reverse 1,3-dipolar  
cycladd<sup>n</sup>.

Cannot rotate  
and make ozonide



↓ H<sup>+</sup> / Me<sup>2</sup>O → O<sup>+</sup>

