## From a total synthesis of a natural product derivative

Problem:

1 + 2 
$$\xrightarrow{?}$$
 3  $\xrightarrow{?}$   $\xrightarrow{S}$   $\xrightarrow{O}$  OPMB

1. Please give the reaction sequence with the compounds 1, 2 and 3 as well as the conditions for the transformations.

2. What is the product 5 and how is it converted into 6?

3. Please give the products 8 and 9 as well as the mechanism for the transformation of 8 to 9.

4. What is the name of the reaction? Please give the product 11 and a rational for the stereochemistry.

PMBO O OTBDPS 
$$\frac{\text{AD-mix-}\beta}{\text{MeSO}_2\text{NH}_2}$$

$$t\text{-BuOH:H}_2\text{O 1:1}$$

$$0^{\circ}\text{C, 30 h}$$

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5. What is the product 13 and what is the name of the transformation? Give a mechanism.

6. Give a rational for the reduction and the predicted stereochemistry. Can you explain why Luche conditions were used for the reduction?

#### Solution:

The thiazolidinethione has an increased nucleophilicity which results in the formation of a highly ordered transition state. This leads to the non-Evans syn product. Interestingly the use of 2 equiv. of base leads to the Evans syn product by disfavoring the chelation to the thiocarbonyl by the metal center.

Moreover, the thiazolidinethione are easily removable as well as convertible to other functional groups.

Original reference Ber. Dtsch. Chem. Ges. 1887, 20, 3118.

# Corey-Bakshi-Shibata-reduction:

# Sharpless asymmetric Dihydroxylation:

PMBO O OTBDPS 
$$t$$
-BuOH:H<sub>2</sub>O 1:1  $0$ °C, 30 h

Via:

#### References:

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## Keywords:

Total synthesis, stereoselective reduction, dihydroxylation, Hantzsch methodology for thiazole synthesis